

HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT

to Columbia/Boone County

Key Findings and Recommendations February 4, 2013

Agenda

- 1. Introduction to the Columbia Transit
 System Health Impact Assessment project
- 2. Overview of health impact assessment
- 3. Key findings and recommendations

Columbia/Boone County HIA Project

Funding: Missouri Foundation for Health, Robert Wood Johnson Foundation

Implementation: HIA Partner Team, advocacy and community organizations, local government







What is a Health Impact Assessment?

A systematic process that:

- Determines the potential effects of a proposed policy, program, plan, or project on the health of a population.
- Considers the distribution of those effects on a population.
- Provides recommendations on monitoring and managing those effects.

HIA Benefits

Involves a broad range of impacted populations

 Community members, business leaders, policy and decision-makers.

Promotes meaningful cross-sector collaboration

- Builds relationships among partners through process.
- Highlights the social determinants of health.
- Increases the likelihood of routine consideration of health.

Project Goals

Demonstrate potential of HIA to positively influence citizens' health by:

- 1. Conducting a pilot HIA on health impacts of expanding public transit in Columbia.
- 2. Initiating discussions with government stakeholders on the potential to sustain HIA practice in Columbia/Boone County.

Columbia Transit System HIA

How will expanding Columbia Transit services impact community health?

- 1. Physical activity
- 2. Exposure to outdoors
- 3. Accessibility to health care, employment, education and healthy food
- 4. Creation of a livable and sustainable community

Demographic Characteristics	All Respondents (n = 201)	Frequent Bus Riders (n = 131)	Infrequent Bus Riders (n = 70)
Gender	47.7% male 52.3% female	37.1% male 62.9% female	46.6% male 53.4% female
Race/ethnicity			
Black/African American	49.3%	57.3%	45.7%
White	26.5%	22.9%	38.6%
Latino	9.6%	13.0%	5.7%
Other	4.6%	4.7%	5.7%
Age, Mean (SD)	36.0 (12.0) years	35.7 (10.9) years	36.3 (13.7) years
Location of survey			
Social services	19.2%	21.4%	20.0%
Health services	18.3%	17.6%	22.9%
Downtown	11.9%	14.5%	10.0%
Library	11.0%	13.0%	8.6%
On the bus	6.8%	10.7%	1.4%
Retail	6.8%	9.2%	4.3%
School/university	9.1%	3.8%	21.4%

Key Findings of Public Transit Expansion

- 1. Users accrue more physical activity.
- 2. Improved access to health care and employment, potentially health care benefits and stress reduction.
- 3. Improved access to healthy food options, especially for residents of food deserts.
- 4. Greater community cohesion, social capital and public health resulting from increased social interaction.

- Physical Activity
- 1. Ensure bus routes promote ridership in densely populated areas.
- 2. Promote collaboration between Columbia Transit and the health department to produce social marketing materials describing the physical activity benefits of bus use.
- 3. Ensure there are bike racks at major Columbia Transit hubs.

- Exposure to the Outdoors
- 1. Maximize access to parks when new bus routes are designed.
- 2. Post bus routes and timetables at parks already serviced by existing bus routes.

- Accessibility to Health Care
- 1. Maximize access to health care facilities when designing new bus routes.

- Accessibility to Employment
- 1. Create a "Transit Access
 To Employment" group
 to address barriers to
 accessing employment.
- 2. Appoint a community business member to the Public Transportation Advisory Commission.

- Accessibility to Education
- 1. Assess the need for transportation among potential students of GED or job training classes and determine where these students reside.
- 2. Coordinate bus routes and add evening hours to locations that educate many of these students.

- Accessibility to Healthy Food
- 1. Continue the farmer's market bus route and collaborate with the health department to promote the route to residents of food deserts.
- 2. Maximize access to stores with healthy food options when designing new bus routes.
- 3. Coordinate with Columbia Public Schools to transport students to after-school activities.

- Creation of a livable and sustainable community
 - Perception of crime
- 1. Audit current bus stops to determine if they are near undesirable locations.

- Bus and bus stop characteristics
- 1. Create an "adopt-a-bus stop" program to address undesirable conditions.
- 2. Solicit feedback about perceived safety from transit user focus groups and incorporate into training for bus drivers.

- Creation of a livable and sustainable community
 - Social capital
- 1. Promote partnership between Columbia Transit and Community Development Department to review zoning procedures that would promote transit-oriented developments along transit corridors.
- 2. Create a taskforce to research regulations to promote active transportation in central Columbia.

Columbia Transit System HIA

Conclusion:

- The HIA discovered positive health impacts that are linked with expanded transit services.
- These impacts are likely to occur with transit expansion, but may not be as significant depending on the magnitude of transit expansion, which is difficult to determine.

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